

Question bank on Wave optics

Semester IV

1.
 - (i) Why is it necessary to use narrow source for Fresnel's biprism experiment?
 - (ii) What do you mean by positive crystal?
 - (iii) Write down the Rayleigh criterion for resolution?

2.
 - (i) What do you mean by interference of light?
 - (ii) Show that dark and bright fringes produced in Young's double slit experiment are equally spaced.
 - (iii) Show that in two dimension the shape of the fringes is hyperbola.
 - (iv) Why are those fringes called non-localized?

3.
 - (i) What do you mean by Fraunhofer diffraction?
 - (ii) Obtain the intensity expression for Fraunhofer diffraction of double slit experiment. Deduce the condition for minima and maxima.
 - (iii) What is missing order?

4. Give Fresnel's theory of rotation of the plane of polarization by an optically active substance.

5.
 - i. Obtain the positions of minima and maxima for single slit diffraction pattern.
 - ii. Obtain the thickness of quarter wave plate. How will you produce circularly polarised light from two plane polarised light?

6.
 - i. What do you mean by interference of light?
 - ii. Show that dark and bright fringes produced in Young's double slit experiment are equally spaced.
 - iii. Show that in two dimension the shape of the fringes is hyperbola.
 - iv. Why are those fringes called non-localized?

7.
 - i. What do you mean by Fraunhofer diffraction?
 - ii. Obtain the intensity expression for Fraunhofer diffraction of double slit experiment. Deduce the condition for minima and maxima.
 - iii. What is missing order?

8.
 - (i) Distinguish between polarised and unpolarised light.
 - (ii) State and explain Brewster's law.

9.
 - (i) What do you understand by double refraction?
 - (ii) What are ordinary and extraordinary rays?
 - (iii) Define optic axis and principal section of a crystal.

10. Describe the construction and action of a nicol prism. Explain how a Nicol prism is used to produce and analyse plane polarised light.
11. How would you distinguish between elliptically polarised light and a mixture of plane polarised and unpolarised light?
12. State and explain Malus law. How will you prove the law experimentally?